



**AGENT:** Mrs Rob Booth - DWD LLP  
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**APPLICANT:** Mr Sam Dix - Low Carbon Solar  
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### TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

**APPLICATION NO:** 22/01643/VOC      **DATE REGISTERED:** 30th September 2022

Proposed Development and Location of the Land:

**Application under Section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act, to allow a variation of conditions 2 (approved plans) and 21 (site access details) of 20/01384/FUL to enable the improvement of site access at both construction and operation.  
Land South of Primrose Hall Primrose Lane Ramsey Harwich**

THE TENDRING DISTRICT COUNCIL AS LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITY **HEREBY GRANT PLANNING PERMISSION** in accordance with the application form, supporting documents and plans submitted, subject to the following conditions;

- 1      The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the 19th March 2024.  
  
Reason - To comply with the requirements of Section 73 and 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.
- 2      The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the following approved plans being drawing nos. titled;
  - LCS130-SP-01 rev.01 - Site Location Plan
  - LCS130-PLE-01 rev.06 - External Site Layout Plan
  - CE-PHSF-SD001 0 - Solar Panel Section
  - CE-PHSF-ED001 1 - Solar Panel Elevation
  - 5033-1 A - Tubular Fixed Pole Elevation
  - Inverter Top and Side Elevations
  - Inverter Section Elevations
  - Inverter Floor Plans
  - Inverter Elevations
  - Tubular Fixed Pole Specification Sheet
  - 10 A01 Visibility Splays Plan
 Reason - For the avoidance of doubt and in the interests of proper planning.
- 3      Development, aside from enabling works, shall not begin until a Decommissioning

Method Statement has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The Statement shall include the timing for decommissioning of all, or part of the solar farm if it ceases to be operational, along with the measures, and a timetable for their completion, to secure the removal of panels, plant, fencing, equipment and landscaping initially required to mitigate the landscape and visual impacts of the development. Decommissioning shall be carried out in accordance with the approved Decommissioning Method Statement.

Reason - In the interests of the amenity of the area.

- 4 No development, aside from enabling works, shall take place until a scheme for landscaping, including a timetable for implementation, has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The scheme shall include details of additional and supplemental planting, including an on-going management plan to ensure maintenance of any approved landscaping. The landscaping scheme shall be implemented in accordance with the approved details within the first planting season following the completion of the development hereby permitted, and shall be maintained during the first 5-years of the development, with the replacement of any trees or plants which die, are removed or become seriously damaged or diseased, in the first available planting season with others of similar size and species.

Reason - To ensure the provision of amenity afforded by appropriate landscape design.

- 5 All mitigation and enhancement measures and/or works shall be carried out in accordance with the details contained in chapter 6 of the Ecological Impact Assessment (Gray Ecology, Sept 2020, updated Nov 2020), as already submitted with the planning application and agreed in principle with the local planning authority prior to determination.

This may include the appointment of an appropriately competent person e.g. an ecological clerk of works (ECoW,) to provide on-site ecological expertise during construction. The appointed person shall undertake all activities, and works shall be carried out, in accordance with the approved details.

Reason - To conserve and enhance protected and Priority species and allow the LPA to discharge its duties under the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 (as amended), the Wildlife & Countryside Act 1981 as amended and s40 of the NERC Act 2006 (Priority habitats & species).

- 6 A wintering and breeding farmland bird mitigation and monitoring strategy must be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to the completion of the development, and the strategy must provide details of the measures that will be implemented if the surveys identify a decline in bird population numbers.

The Farmland Bird Mitigation Strategy shall include the following:

- a) Purpose and conservation objectives for the proposed measures
- b) Detailed Methodology for measures to be delivered
- c) Location of the proposed measures by appropriate maps and/or plans
- d) Mechanism for implementation & Monitoring of delivery

The Farmland Bird Mitigation Strategy shall be implemented in the first nesting season following completion of the development and in accordance with the approved details, or any amendment as may be approved in writing pursuant to this condition, and all features shall be delivered for a minimum period of 10 years.

Reason - To allow the LPA to discharge its duties under the NERC Act 2006 (Priority habitats & species).

- 7 A Biodiversity Enhancement Layout, providing the finalised details and locations of the enhancement measures contained within Chapter 7 of the Ecological Impact Assessment (Gray Ecology, Sept 2020, updated Nov 2020), shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to the completion of the development. The enhancement measures shall be implemented in accordance with the approved details and all features shall be retained in that manner thereafter.

Reason - To enhance Protected and Priority Species and allow the LPA to discharge its duties under the s40 of the NERC Act 2006 (Priority habitats & species).

- 8 There shall be no installation of external lighting during the operational phase of the development except in full accordance with a scheme that has been approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

Reason - To allow the LPA to discharge its duties under the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017, the Wildlife & Countryside Act 1981 as amended and s40 of the NERC Act 2006 (Priority habitats & species).

- 9 A Landscape and Ecological Management Plan (LEMP) shall be submitted to, and be approved in writing by, the Local Planning Authority prior to completion of the development.

The content of the LEMP shall include the following:

- a) Description and evaluation of features to be managed.
- b) Ecological trends and constraints on site that might influence management.
- c) Aims and objectives of management.
- d) Appropriate management options for achieving aims and objectives.
- e) Prescriptions for management actions.
- f) Preparation of a work schedule (including an annual work plan capable of being rolled forward over a five-year period).
- g) Details of the body or organisation responsible for implementation of the plan.
- h) Ongoing monitoring and remedial measures.

The LEMP shall also include details of the legal and funding mechanism(s) by which the long-term implementation of the plan will be secured by the developer with the management body(ies) responsible for its delivery. The plan shall also set out (where the results from monitoring show that conservation aims and objectives of the LEMP are not being met) how contingencies and/or remedial action will be identified, agreed and implemented so that the development still delivers the fully functioning biodiversity objectives of the originally approved scheme. The approved plan will be implemented in accordance with the approved details.

Reason - To allow the LPA to discharge its duties under the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 (as amended), the Wildlife & Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) and s40 of the NERC Act 2006 (Priority habitats & species).

- 10 No works except enabling works shall take place until a detailed surface water drainage scheme for the site, based on sustainable drainage principles and an assessment of the hydrological and hydro geological context of the development, has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The scheme should include but not be limited to:

- Verification of the suitability of infiltration of surface water for the development. This should be based on infiltration tests that have been undertaken in accordance with BRE 365 testing procedure and the infiltration testing methods found in chapter 25.3 of The CIRIA SuDS Manual C753. There should be a minimum of a 1m gap between the highest annual ground water level and the base of any infiltrating feature. All point infiltration features should maintain a 5m distance from any structure foundations.
- Ensuring that discharge rates and volumes are not increased as a result of the application for all storm events up to and including the 1 in 100-year rate plus 40% allowance for climate change.
- Detailed information regarding the mitigation of the risk channels being created by the solar arrays.
- Provide sufficient storage to ensure no off site flooding as a result of the development during all storm events up to and including the 1 in 100 year plus 40% climate change event.
- Demonstrate that all storage features can half empty within 24 hours for the 1 in 30 plus 40% climate change critical storm event.
- Final modelling and calculations for all areas of the drainage system.
- The appropriate level of treatment for all runoff leaving the site, in line with the Simple Index Approach in chapter 26 of the CIRIA SuDS Manual C753.
- Detailed engineering drawings of each component of the drainage scheme.
- A final drainage plan which details exceedance and conveyance routes, FFL and ground levels, and location and sizing of any drainage features.
- A written report summarising the final strategy and highlighting any minor changes to the approved strategy.

#### Reasons -

- To prevent flooding by ensuring the satisfactory storage of/disposal of surface water from the site.
- To ensure the effective operation of SuDS features over the lifetime of the development.
- To provide mitigation of any environmental harm which may be caused to the local water environment
- Failure to provide the above required information before commencement of works may result in a system being installed that is not sufficient to deal with surface water occurring during rainfall events and may lead to increased flood risk and pollution hazard from the site.

- 11 No works shall take place until a scheme to minimise the risk of offsite flooding caused by surface water run-off and groundwater during construction works and prevent pollution has been submitted to, and approved in writing by, the Local Planning Authority. The scheme shall subsequently be implemented as approved.

Reason - The National Planning Policy Framework paragraph 163 and paragraph 170 state that local planning authorities should ensure development does not increase flood risk elsewhere and does not contribute to water pollution. Construction may lead to excess water being discharged from the site. If dewatering takes place to allow for construction to take place below groundwater level, this will cause additional water to be discharged. Furthermore the removal of topsoils during construction may limit the ability of the site to intercept rainfall and may lead to increased runoff rates. To mitigate increased flood risk to the surrounding area during construction there needs to be satisfactory storage of/disposal of surface water and groundwater which needs to be agreed before commencement of the development. Construction may also lead to polluted water being allowed to leave the site. Methods for preventing or mitigating this should be proposed.

- 12 Prior to completion of the development a maintenance plan detailing the maintenance

arrangements including who is responsible for different elements of the surface water drainage system and the maintenance activities/frequencies, has been submitted to and agreed, in writing, by the Local Planning Authority. Should any part be maintainable by a maintenance company, details of long term funding arrangements should be provided.

Reason - To ensure appropriate maintenance arrangements are put in place to enable the surface water drainage system to function as intended to ensure mitigation against flood risk. Failure to provide the above required information prior to occupation may result in the installation of a system that is not properly maintained and may increase flood risk or pollution hazard from the site.

- 13 The applicant or any successor in title must maintain yearly logs of maintenance which should be carried out in accordance with any approved Maintenance Plan. These must be available for inspection upon a request by the Local Planning Authority.

Reason - To ensure the SuDS are maintained for the lifetime of the development as outlined in any approved Maintenance Plan so that they continue to function as intended to ensure mitigation against flood risk.

- 14 The development hereby permitted shall not be commenced until such time as a soil management plan has been submitted to, and approved in writing by, the Local Planning Authority. The scheme shall be implemented as approved.

Reason - Soil compaction and the creation of channels can cause increased run-off rates and volumes from the site. Therefore a soil management plan should show how this will be mitigated against. Failure to provide the above required information before commencement of works may result in a system being installed that is not sufficient to deal with surface water occurring during rainfall events and may lead to increased flood risk and pollution hazard from the site.

- 15 No construction or decommissioning works shall take place except between the following hours: 0800 to 1800 Monday to Friday, and 0800 to 1300 Saturday. No construction or decommissioning works shall take place at any time on Sunday or a Bank Holiday.

Reason - In the interests of local amenity.

- 16 The planning permission hereby granted is for a period from the date of this decision until the date occurring 30 years after the date the development is first operational commences, when the use shall cease and the solar panels and all ancillary equipment and landscaping initially required to mitigate the landscape and visual impacts of the development shall be removed from the site in accordance with the Decommissioning Method Statement approved pursuant to Condition 3.

Reason - To ensure that the landscape impact of the development exists only for the lifetime of the development.

- 17 All ancillary equipment, including substations and inverter/transformer stations, shall be painted a non-obtrusive colour in accordance with details to be agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority before implementation of the ancillary equipment. The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details.

Reason - In the interests of the amenity of the area.

- 18 12 months prior to the expiry of the planning permission, a site restoration scheme shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The scheme shall include a programme of works to remove the solar panels and related equipment,

and shall be fully implemented within 12 months of the expiry of this permission.

Reason - In the interests of the amenity of the area.

- 19 If the solar farm ceases to export electricity to the grid for a continuous period of 12 months then a scheme shall be submitted to the Local Planning Authority for its written approval within 3 months from the end of the 12 month period for the removal of the solar farm and associated equipment and the restoration of (that part of) the site to agricultural use. The approved scheme of restoration shall then be fully implemented within 6 months of that written approval being given.

Reason - In order to ensure that the solar park fulfils its required purpose or is removed from the land in the interests of rural visual amenity.

- 20 No development or preliminary groundworks of any kind shall take place until a programme of archaeological investigation has been secured in accordance with a written scheme of investigation which has been submitted by the applicant, and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

No development or preliminary groundworks of any kind shall take place until the completion of the programme of archaeological investigation identified in the WSI defined in above.

The applicant will submit to the Local Planning Authority a post excavation assessment (to be submitted within six months of the completion of the fieldwork, unless otherwise agreed in advance with the Planning Authority). This will result in the completion of post excavation analysis, preparation of a full site archive and report ready for deposition at the local museum, and submission of a publication report.

Reason - Evidence from the HER in the surrounding area shows there is, however, potential for survival of previously unrecorded archaeological remains dating to the prehistoric and Roman periods and Medieval to postmedieval agricultural features. This condition is therefore being applied in line with the National Planning Policy Framework to ensure the appropriate protection of the potential heritage assets impacted by the development.

- 21 Prior to the commencement of development a vehicular turning facility for service and delivery vehicles, of a design to be approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority shall be constructed, surfaced and maintained free from obstruction within the site at all times for that sole purpose.

Reason - To ensure that vehicles can enter and leave the highway in a forward gear in the interest of highway safety.

- 22 No works whatsoever shall commence until such time as a Construction and Traffic Management Plan is approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The approved plan shall be adhered to at all times during all ground works, construction and decommissioning traffic throughout the pre-construction, construction and decommissioning phases.

Reason - To ensure that the adjoining highway is not obstructed by construction activity, in the interests of highway safety.

- 23 No development shall take place, including any enabling works, until a Construction Method Statement has been submitted to, and approved in writing by, the Local Planning Authority. The approved Statement shall be adhered to throughout the construction

period. The Statement shall provide for:

- i. the parking of vehicles of site operatives and visitors
- ii. loading and unloading of plant and materials
- iii. storage of plant and materials used in constructing the development
- iv. wheel and underbody washing facilities
- v. banksman for exiting construction traffic leaving site
- vi. temporary road works entrance and exit/ construction traffic signage drawing

Reason - To ensure that on-street parking of these vehicles in the adjoining streets does not occur, in the interests of highway safety.

- 24 No development shall take place until a Construction Traffic Routing Plan has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority in consultation with the Highway Authority. The approved plan shall be adhered at all times during all ground works, construction and decommissioning traffic throughout the pre-construction, construction and decommissioning phases.

Reason - To ensure that the adjoining highway is not obstructed by construction activity, in the interests of highway safety.

- 25 Prior to the commencement of any work on the site a joint inspection of the local road (Bowl Road) to be used by construction vehicles should be carried out by the applicant and the Highway Authority, to include photographic evidence. The route should then be inspected again, after completion of the development, and any damage to the highway resulting from traffic movements generated by the application site should be repaired to an acceptable standard and at no cost to the Highway Authority.

Reason - To preserve the integrity and fabric of the highway, in the interests of highway safety.

- 26 The public's rights and ease of passage over public footpath no. 18\_183 (Wix) shall be maintained free and unobstructed at all times, unless otherwise agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority.

Reason - To ensure the continued safe passage of the public on the definitive right of way and accessibility.

- 27 Following the completion of construction works the site compound areas shall be restored in full accordance with an approved Site Compound Restoration Scheme. This scheme shall be submitted 4 months prior to the completion of construction works and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

Reason - To ensure the compound areas are sympathetically restored in the interests of visual and residential amenity.

- 28 Prior to the first use of the proposed construction exit junction onto Bowl Road, at its centre line the junction shall be provided with a minimum clear to ground visibility splay with dimensions of 2.4 metres by 58 metres in both directions, as measured from and along the nearside edge of the carriageway. Such vehicular visibility splays shall retained free of any obstruction at all times.

Reason - To provide adequate inter-visibility between vehicles using the road junction / access and those in the existing public highway in the interest of highway safety.

**DATED:** 5th April 2023

**SIGNED:**



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John Pateman-Gee  
Planning Manager

**NATIONAL & LOCAL PLAN POLICIES AND GUIDANCE RELEVANT TO THIS DECISION:**

National:

National Planning Policy Framework July 2021 (NPPF)

National Planning Practice Guidance (NPPG)

Local:

Tendring District Local Plan 2013-2033 and Beyond North Essex Authorities' Shared Strategic Section 1 Plan (adopted January 2021)

SP1 Presumption in Favour of Sustainable Development

SP6 Infrastructure and Connectivity

SP7 Place Shaping Principles

Tendring District Local Plan 2013-2033 and Beyond Section 2 (adopted January 2022)

SPL1 Managing Growth

SPL3 Sustainable Design

HP3 Green Infrastructure

PP13 The Rural Economy

PPL1 Development and Flood Risk

PPL3 The Rural Landscape

PPL4 Biodiversity and Geodiversity

PPL5 Water Conservation, Drainage and Sewerage

PPL7 Archaeology

PPL9 Listed Buildings

PPL10 Renewable Energy Generation

CP1 Sustainable Transport and Accessibility

CP2 Improving the Transport Network



DI1 Infrastructure Delivery and Impact Mitigation

Local Planning Guidance

Tendring Landscape Character Assessment

Essex County Council Car Parking Standards - Design and Good Practice

## **INFORMATIVES:**

### Positive and Proactive Statement

The Local Planning Authority has acted positively and proactively in determining this application by identifying matters of concern within the application (as originally submitted) and negotiating, with the Applicant, acceptable amendments to the proposal to address those concerns. As a result, the Local Planning Authority has been able to grant planning permission for an acceptable proposal, in accordance with the presumption in favour of sustainable development, as set out within the National Planning Policy Framework.

### Highways Informative:

All work within or affecting the highway is to be laid out and constructed by prior arrangement with and to the requirements and specifications of the Highway Authority; all details shall be agreed before the commencement of works. The applicants should be advised to contact the Development Management Team by email at [development.management@essexhighways.org](mailto:development.management@essexhighways.org)

The Public Right of Way network is protected by the Highways Act 1980. Any unauthorised interference with any route noted on the Definitive Map of PROW is considered to be a breach of this legislation. The public's rights and ease of passage over public footpath no.18\_183 (Wix) shall be maintained free and unobstructed at all times to ensure the continued safe passage of the public on the definitive right of way.

The Highway Authority cannot accept any liability for costs associated with a developer's improvement. This includes design check safety audits, site supervision, commuted sums for maintenance and any potential claims under Part 1 and Part 2 of the Land Compensation Act 1973. To protect the Highway Authority against such compensation claims a cash deposit or bond may be required.

Mitigating and adapting to a changing climate is a national and Essex County Council priority. The Climate Change Act 2008 (amended in 2019) commits the UK to achieving net-zero by 2050. In Essex, the Essex Climate Action Commission proposed 160+ recommendations for climate action. Essex County Council is collaborating with partners to achieve specific goals by 2030, including net zero carbon development. All those active in the development sector should have regard to these goals and applicants are invited to sign up to the Essex Developers' Group Climate Charter [2022] and to view the advice contained in the Essex Design Guide. Climate Action Advice guides for residents, businesses and schools are also available.

Standard Informative 1: The Provisions of the Essex Act 1987, Section 13 (Access for the Fire Brigade) may apply to this Development and will be determined at Building Regulation Stage.

Standard Informative 2: You are reminded that the carrying out of building works requires approval under the Building Regulations in many cases as well as a grant of planning permission. If you are in doubt as to whether or not the work, the subject of this planning permission, requires such approval, then you are invited to contact the Building Control section at Tendring District Council.

Standard Informative 3: If the development includes the construction of a new building on or at

the boundary of 2 properties, work to an existing party wall or party structure or involve excavation near to and below the foundation level of neighbouring buildings, you are advised that the provisions of the Party Wall Act 1996 may apply to this development. An explanatory booklet concerning the implications of this Act is available online or from the District Council.

**The attached notes explain the rights of appeal.**

## NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

### WHEN PLANNING PERMISSION IS REFUSED OR GRANTED SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS

#### APPEALS TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE

- If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
- If you want to appeal, then you must do so within the set time frame as outlined below:
  - a. If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a householder application, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within **12 weeks** of the date of this notice. A **Householder Appeal Form** is required, available online at <https://www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate>
  - b. If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a minor commercial application, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within **12 weeks** of the date of this notice. A **Planning Appeal Form** is required, available online at <https://www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate>
  - c. If you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on a development which is not caught by a. and b. above then you must do so within **6 months** of the date of this notice. A **Planning Appeal Form** is required, available online <https://www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate>
- Appeals must be made using the relevant form (as detailed above) which you can get from the Secretary of State at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 5000) or online at <https://www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate>. **Please note, only the applicant possesses the right of appeal.**
- The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.
- The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions imposed having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.
- If you intend to submit an appeal that you would like examined by inquiry then you must notify the Local Planning Authority and Planning Inspectorate (inquiryappeals@planninginspectorate.gov.uk) at least 10 days before submitting the appeal. [Further details are on GOV.UK.](#)

#### ENFORCEMENT

- If this is a decision on a planning application relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as is already the subject of an enforcement notice, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of this notice.

- If an enforcement notice is served relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as in your application and if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of service of the enforcement notice, or within 6 months (12 weeks in the case of a householder or minor commercial appeal) of the date of this notice, whichever period expires earlier.